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THOS. N. BLACK, W. R. PRATT, EDITORS.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1892.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

BENJAMIN HARRISON,

OF Indiana.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

WHEELER REID,

OF New York.

FOR CONGRESS,

DR. J. F. KIMBLEY.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

For Circuit Judge.

To the voters of the Fourth Judicial District, comprising the counties of Caldwell, Livingston, Crittenden and Hopkins, I hereby make the announcement that I am a candidate for the office of Circuit Judge of said district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.
T. J. NIXON,
Marion, Crittenden Co., July 6, 1892.

TARIFF PICTURES.

According to Dr. Roland P. Falkner, the statistician of the Senate Finance Committee, the cost of living in Great Britain is 101.9, as compared with 85.56 in the United States, and wages, you know, are less. How's that for free trade?

Be honest in everything, especially in voting and vote the Republican ticket at every opportunity.

MR. STEVENSON, if in Indiana long enough, will make the State solidly Republican, so say the Democrats.

Why not fill some of our important offices of the county with good Republicans? It will be doing our county a good service.

If, as the Frankfort Capital says, Arkansas is all right and Vermont is all wrong, what does the Capital propose to do about it?

NOW THAT Mr. Cleveland has made a satisfactory dicker with Senator Hill and Tammany, his letter of acceptance is looked for.

PRESIDENT HARRISON is ahead of Mr. Cleveland in accepting his nomination and so he will be ahead at the close of the polls in November.

THE tax-payers of the State are right in the middle of a very bad fight, still the Legislature is making daily additions to their expense account.

DEATH, the past week, has removed from the literary field two men of prominence, John Greenleaf Whittier and George William Curtis.

THE Democrats claim a gain of 3 per cent in the result of Vermont's election. Is it rather a queer sort of a calculation. Another way that don't count.

THE Peary exploring party, with the members of the relief expedition, have returned. One of their number, John M. Verhoeff, of Louisville, was lost.

THE Republicans in the Second district are unusually active, a fact which causes much uneasiness and alarm in Democratic quarters. Dr. Kimbley is in the race, determined to win.

HON. WM. O. BRADLEY has the sympathy of the host of friends and admirers in his recent loss—the death of his only son, George Bradley—a bright and promising young man.

THREATENING white caps are, or seems to be, the source of some uneasiness to the editor of the Central City Republican. He says white capping is dangerous business, and devotes nearly a column and a half to the subject.

It looks as if the British lion will get his tail twisted if he persists in infringing on the rights of Venezuela. She United States is disposed to call a halt, and Admiral Walker, it is understood, has

has gone there with the express purpose of seeing fair play.

THE proposed Constitutional amendment, making a poll-tax receipt a prerequisite to voting, was defeated in the State of Arkansas at its recent election. The passage of such an amendment would never do. Anything calculated to interfere with the Democratic majority in that State is short lived.

Let the suspender girl and the white shoes-on-the-street-in-daytime girl be abolished, peacefully if possible, but by force of arms if needed be.—Owensboro Messenger.

This, coming as it does, from Urey Woodson, is calculated to mislead people and especially the the suspender girl. He is not on the force.

THE Farmers' and Laborers' Journal, of Owensboro, says: "Governor Brown slaps the Democratic ring-leaders in the face, and is for law and justice along with Mr. Pettit." Where is any law or justice in acts of this kind? It could be better styled a breach of the peace. Such charges, Editor Collins, may not do the Governor any good, and beside, if possible, they might injure Mr. Pettit's chances in his race for Congress.

THE lot of the passengers on the incoming steamers from European ports where cholera prevails is, to say the least, an unhappy one. They are quarantined outside New York harbor much against their will. The action of the authorities in order to prevent the introduction of cholera into this country must necessarily resort to positive measures, rigidly enforce the sanitary laws, even at the personal inconvenience of many of our citizens.

THE Bureau of Statistics has issued a statement of trade between the United States and the various countries with which reciprocity treaties are in force, from which it appears that for the month of July last the exports from the United States to those countries increased as compared with July, 1891, by the following amounts: Brazil, \$10,015; Cuba, \$739,378; Santo Domingo, \$30,567; Salvador, \$21,272; and British Guiana, \$34,365. For the same period there were decreases in the exports to the following named countries of the amounts stated: Puerto Rico, \$34,289; British West Indies, \$159,496; Guatemala, \$3,251; and Austria Hungary, \$42,453.

ALL of the ammunition has not been exhausted in the first stage of the Bering Sea engagement, which closed Wednesday and followed well established legal practice. It may safely be assumed that the representatives of the United States have reserved sufficient material to enable them to make a strong counter case. This will be the next or third phase of the arbitration. The original cases exchanged Wednesday will be closely studied by the agents and counsel and before December 7th, a counter case may be exchanged. Gen. Morgan, the one of the two United States arbitrators now in this country, has been supplied with a copy of the British case, and the representatives of the United States government have already begun to scrutinize the documents with a view to preparing the counter case or reply, as it may be termed, and the latter work is likely to occupy their attention for many weeks.

MR. BLAINE'S views are always interesting. He has the knack of saying what he has to say pithily, which the average intelligent American appreciates perhaps more than the same class of any other country. France alone excepted. In his letter addressed to the chairman of his party in Maine Mr. Blaine selects three topics of discourse, and confines himself strictly to them. Very often an argument gains by compression. Mr. Blaine is master of the art of selection and condensation. The salient points of difference between historical Democracy and living Democracy are brought out in bold relief by a few strokes of the pen. The precise declaration of Jefferson which suited the present occasion was made to do service to the necessary exclusion of other declarations on the subject from that many-sided statesman. The portion of the letter most condensed as well as most remarkable for its grasp of the situation is the second head, which treats of reciprocity. He shows that the neglect of the United States in the past to see what could be obtained in exchange for articles put on the free list has cost the government advantages in trade that would have amounted to tens of millions of dollars.

ANOTHER AMERICAN TRIUMPH.

The stars and stripes have been planted at two points nearest the poles yet reached by civilized man.

Lieut. Peary telegraphs the Navy department from St. Johns, N. F. "United States Navy claims highest discoveries in Greenland, East Coast, Independence Bay, 82 degrees north latitude, 34 degrees west longitude, discovered July 4, 1892. Greenland's ice cape ends south of Victoria inlet."

The highest point heretofore attained on the East Coast is about 75 or 77 degrees, and was made by Holden, a German. The highest point on the west coast was 83, made by Lockwood and Brainard, of the Greely expedition. Naval officers are delighted at the success of Lieut. Peary, and his telegram was received with much pleasure.

STATE NEWS.

In the Eighteenth district W. W. Kimbrough was nominated for Judge by a plurality of 30 votes.

The Standard, a newspaper owned and edited by colored people, has made its appearance at Lexington.

The friends of outlaw Howard Little threaten to rescue him from the Pike county jail.

The Daviess County Republicans have organized with a membership of nearly five hundred.

Oscar Jones, of Bath county, will be hanged on November 4th. He pays the penalty for killing the town marshal of Sharpshurg.

Miss Lora Reynolds, a prominent young lady of Owensboro, is missing from her home. No one can assign any reason for her flight.

The new Methodist Church, South, at Middletown, will be dedicated this evening. Rev. W. T. Bolling will preach the sermon.

Mrs. Belle Gunther, of Owensboro, has sued her husband, Frank, for absolute divorce. She claims that his proper home is a Keeley institute.

Indications point to the Republicans of the ninth district making a nomination for Congress. W. W. Worthington will in all probability carry off the honors.

Donald Padman, for years editorial paragrapher of the Courier Journal, has resigned and will go in an editorial capacity, to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Further returns from the primary election in the Tenth district confirm the nomination of Samuel E. Jones, of Barren county, for Circuit Judge, and David J. Wood, of Hart county, for Commonwealth Attorney.

Christian Bruce, an old and respected farmer, living near Augusta, while driving home from town, was assaulted by Chas. Otte and John McElfresh, two drunken young men. The old man's skull was crushed and he was otherwise fatally injured.

As Sin to Defy the Law.

The officers of the Chinese Six companies, of San Francisco, Cal., have issued a proclamation calling upon all Chinamen in the United States to defy the Geary law and refuse to register. They also demand a contribution of \$1 from each Chinaman in the United States toward a fund to be used in testing the constitutionality of the law.

They threaten to disown all Chinamen who register, and will refuse them passes back to China in case they wish to return. They have also appealed to the Chinese government for aid against the law they call unjust.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

"Well," said Mrs. Bruggins after a solo by a fashionable church choir tenor, "if that ain't the rudest thing I ever saw!" "What?" inquired her niece. "Why, didn't you notice it? Just as soon as that man began to sing every other member of the choir stopped. But he went right through with it, and I must say I admired his spunk!"—Washington Star.

For many years Mr. B. F. Thompson of Des Moines, Iowa, was severely afflicted with chronic diarrhoea. He says: "At times it was very severe; so much so that I feared it would end my life. About seven years ago I chanced to procure a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It gave me prompt relief, and I believe cured me permanently, as I now eat or drink, without harm, anything I please. I have also used it in my family with the best results." For sale by T. Robinson, Morton's Gap and George King, St. Charles, Ky.

TAKE NOTICE!
C. E. Owen has guns for sale.

A WILLING WIDOW.

How Love Affairs are Settled in Posey County.

A score of us were sitting in the shade of the depot building waiting for the train, which was an hour late, when a yoke of oxen attached to a queer looking old cart turned the corner. They were driven by a woman about fifty years of age, who was barefoot and wore a man's straw hat.

"Get up there, Buck!" she exclaimed, as she laid the "gad" on the off ox with a resounding whack. "You thar, Pete, what you skittish 'round that way fur? Whoa, now! Both of you stan' still!" She turned them up to the platform, threw down some hay taken from the cart, and came up among us to inquire of the depot agent about a barrel of salt. He was busy just then and she was waiting around when the smart Alex of the crowd who was traveling for a wine house, remarked in tones meant for her to overhear:

"I have always said that if I married at all, I'd marry a woman who could drive oxen."
"Is that meant for me?" she asked, as she walked straight up to him.
"Are you a widow, ma'am?"
"I am. Bin a widder ever since a saw-log rolled over Jim nine year ago."

"And you'd marry again if you had the opportunity, would you?"
"I would. When Jim lay a dyin' in the house he told me to marry again if I had a show."

"Ahem! I see. Could you love a second husband?"
"I could. It runs in our family to love. We begin airly and keep it up to the grave. What's your proposition? I'm a plain woman, full of bizness, and never do any foolin'. If you've got anything to say spit it right out afore 'em all!"

"I—I don't want to marry just now," he stammered.
"Don't, eh? Then what's the use of gettin' me on my tip-toes about it? You man, you jest the same as asked me to have you, and I jest the same as accepted you!"

"Oh! no, no! I merely made some inquiries!" he replied.
"Them inquiries was about love, sir, and my heart's a thumpin' away like all git out! I said I'd marry again, and I will. We are engaged. When do you want me to be ready?"

"Madam, you have totally misunderstood me," explained the young man as he turned all sorts of colors and appeared to grow small. "I asked you a few questions out of curiosity."

"Mebbe the jury will call it curiosity, and mebbe they won't," she said as she set her jaw. "They don't allow no foolin' 'round in Posey county. When a feller goes as fur as you hev it's a hitch or damages. I'm a tremblin' all over like a girl, an' my heart's a tryin' to jump out. It's reg'lar love or I don't know the road home. You don't leave here, young man, till this case is settled!"

"But ma'am, you see—"
"I don't see nuthin' 'bout marriage or damages. You've asked me to have you. I said I would. Will you marry or settle?"

"How—how much?" he gasped, as he looked around and failed to find any sympathy.

"Wall, Saginaw salt is a dollar and a quarter a bar'l," she replied, as she glanced at a row of barrels down the platform. "I guess the oxen kin git him with two bar'ls. Make it two and I'll call it squar."

Everybody grinned except the young man. He realized that he was done for and got out of the box by planking down the two dollars and a half to the agent. The cart was driven around to the spot, the barrels loaded up, and the woman came back to say to the young man—

"I've settled this case and the salt is in the cart, but I jest want to remark that if you happen this way again, and you happen to feel so awfully cunnin' that you can't hold yourself you'd better go slow on widders. Thar's sixteen of us 'round here, an' we all drive yaller oxen hitched to carts, an' we all go b'rfoot in the summer and sigh to get married agin. The reg'lar figger is three bar'ls of salt and a pound of tea, but owin' to your youth and that thunderstorm comin' up I've let you off easy. Good day, bub; good day, all!"—N. Y. World.

A Hybrid.—Uncle Jake—And what do you think of my bull pup? City Niece—A bull pup? Will he have horns when he grows up?—Vermont Watchman.

THE LATEST DESIGNS.

In dress goods can be found at J. T. Alexander & Co's. These goods are just in and you should see them. Call early.

"The doctor said he'd put me on my feet again in two weeks." "Well, didn't he do it?" "He did, indeed; I had to sell my horse and buggy to foot the bill."

CRISP AND CASUAL.

One hundred and twenty thousand dollars is the first bid for the exclusive privilege of selling peanuts at the World's Fair.

A statistical item of interest to women is that to-day women are two inches taller on an average than they were twenty-five years ago.

An advertiser in the Birmingham Post announces: "Young gentleman is founding a new religion, which is sure to become popular, and desires a young lady of means to assist him in the work."

Whittier was color blind, but his poetry betrays no absence of color or any inability to detect the divers hues with which nature arrays herself.

The stay at homes have some solace in the fact that although compelled to stay in sultry Gotham during the summer they have escaped quarantined ships.

There is something unique in the prospectus of the Pagan Review, recently started in London, which assures that its aim is to secure "thoroughgoing unpopularity."

Mr. Whittier, in a recent letter said: "For years I have been desirous of a movement for uniting all christians with no other creed or pledge than a simple recognition of Christ as our leader."

ALL SORTS.

The proper study of mankind is manners.

A bad man generally hates a good dog.

The music teacher's profession has a sound basis.

Bookkeeping taught in one lesson. Do not lend them.

Stealing away from bad company is justifiable larceny.

The mayor of Sweet Springs, Mo., gets sixty dollars a year.

A bicyclist taking a header presents a combination of wheel and woe.

Lawyers may be poets; they write lots of "versus."—Texas Siftings.

Men are apt to worship what they cannot understand—women for example.

A cat sees as well by night as by day, and sings rather worse.—Boston Transcript.

A man in Fisherville, Pa., recently captured a coon weighing thirteen pounds.

The first patent for sewing machines was granted to Weisenthal in England 1755.

Gas was first made from coal by Clayton, 1739, and first used for illumination in 1792.

The lawn mower is a good deal like the keeper of a bucket shop—it shaves the green.

"I am banking on you," as the farmer said when he proceeded to hill up his potatoes.

The fellow who marries the "reigning belle" often has a stormy life.—Columbus Post.

The first post office opened its doors in 1462; in England in 1581, and America in 1710.

Watches were first made in Nuremberg in 1477 and were called by the natives "Nuremberg animated eggs."

The first electric telegraph line was laid in Switzerland by Lesage in 1782; the Morse transmitter was invented in 1837.

Quill pens were first used A. D. 553; steel pens were invented by Wise of England 1803, and improved by Gilott in 1822.

A minister in Albany, N. Y., insists that his salary shall not exceed that of his choirmaster, whatever that may be.

A traveler who has been as far south as Patagonia and as far north as Iceland, says that mosquitoes are to be met with everywhere.

A Detroit lady over seventy years of age had a head of hair which turned from white to jet black—the color it was in her girlhood days.

The first society for the exclusive purpose of circulating the Bible was organized in 1805, under the name of the British and Foreign Bible society.

"That man is a very old accountant who has weathered many financial storms." "So I should judge. He looks like a battered figurehead."—Boston Saturday Gazette.

A resident of Indiana caught a young crane in the woods near Hill creek. The crane was prevented from flying by a live musel shell, which was fastened to its foot.

WHISTLE POSTS.

Tom Harris, yard clerk, contemplates a trip to Ohio, soon.

A large number of new ties are now being put in on this division.

Clay Woodbridge spent a day or two at Pond River, fishing, this week.

Conductor Lew Waltz was called to Texas last week by the death of a relative.

About 80,000 ties have been shipped from this to the St. Louis division this year.

One or two new men were taken on by Foreman L. H. O'Brien during the past week.

Quite a number of the boys lost their money on Sullivan, who was the favorite with most of them.

Superintendent Dickson was down over the Henderson division last week looking after the boys.

Conductor Thos. Browning had charge of the Earlinton and Hopkinsville local a few days last week.

What to do with the empty coal cars was a problem that has perplexed the railroad company the last few days.

The right of way on the Henderson division will soon be cleared off. Mowing of weeds and brush is now under way.

Although several telegraph offices have recently been closed, trains move right along on time, contrary to numerous predictions.

Supervisor Sullivan thinks that a week or two spent at Dawson would benefit his health, and intends to take a rest for that purpose.

The telegraph boys don't seem to be very well pleased with the result of the recent agreement entered into with the railroad company, and therefore want another hearing. Boys, don't be too greedy. A half loaf is better than no bread at all.

This season seems to be a prosperous one for not only the farmer mechanic, but also the railroad companies, who, according to the following report are reaping a harvest: The August Earnings—Reports from railroad companies throughout the United States to Broadway's show an aggregate of gross earnings in August amounting to \$44,000,000, an increase over the total for August last year of 7.6 per cent. For eight months the gain this year as contrasted with the last amounts to 6.7 per cent, the grand total gross earned since January 1 having been in excess of \$310,800,000. The only group showing a decrease in August gross earnings this year as compared with last is that of the trunk lines, due to the falling off reported by the Grand Trunk.

A good example for our labor organizations to follow is that set by the order which is represented by Chief Arthur, and below we quote an article from the Globe-Democrat on the man and the methods employed by him: "The recent address by Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, at Toronto contains some facts and suggestions that deserve the careful consideration of workmen everywhere. He represents a labor organization that has proved to be a complete success, and he tells how and why it has succeeded. It has been in existence twenty-eight years; its membership aggregates 35,000; it has paid out over \$3,000,000 to the widows and orphans of deceased engineers; and it is so much respected by railroad corporations and by the public that the concessions which it asks from time to time are readily granted. The main secret of its strength lies in the fact that it promotes the elevation of labor systematic and practical means. Its members must understand their business to begin with, thus insuring the employer competent service; and they must be sober, diligent and faithful. They are taught that they have certain obligations which they cannot violate at their pleasure without dishonor, and that in cases of dispute or misunderstanding, both sides of the question are to be candidly and temperately examined. The result is that during the last twelve years all of their troubles have been amicably adjusted, and they are probably the most prosperous class of workmen in the world. Their organization is not pledged to refrain from coercive measures under all circumstances; but it is committed to the idea that strikes can be and should be generally avoided. It is certain that the experience of this admirable order proves the possibility of maintaining harmonious relations between employers and employees without any forfeiture of rights or interests on either side. If all other labor organizations would pursue the same intelligent and considerate policy the striking would soon cease, and the cause of labor would be materially benefited. "In the struggles that have occurred," asks Chief Arthur, "what has beaten labor?" Not capital, he answers, but labor itself. This is a blunt statement of the most important fact in the case. The strikers have invariably lost by reason of their inconsistency and their excesses. Public opinion has condemned them because they have denied to others the rights claimed for themselves. They have undertaken not only to prevent non-striking laborers from getting employment, but also to enforce their demands by destroying property and causing bloodshed. The spirit of our institutions is against such proceedings, and they are always sure to end in failures and discredit. No matter what the basis of complaint may be, such a process of rectifying wrong or vindicating rights can not succeed in this country. The way to get better wages, as Chief Arthur points out, is to

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And everything else known to the trade.

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PLUCK! GRIT! SAND!

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The Grit to Sell Right,

The Sand to Do Right

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Opposite Court House,

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